WELCOME! Paper Chase Collaborative VVriting

Instructions while we wait for everyone to get settled:

Using the pen & piece of paper in front of you,
respond to the following questions in written form on the back:

If asked to create a collage using this piece of paper, what might that look like (what form would it take)?

What might you title this piece of work?

What would your process be for creating this art?



"If we can do it, anyone can":
Paper Chase Collaborative
Writing Exercise for Engaging
Students in Research
Dissemination"

Alicia Dahl & Jessamyn Bowling

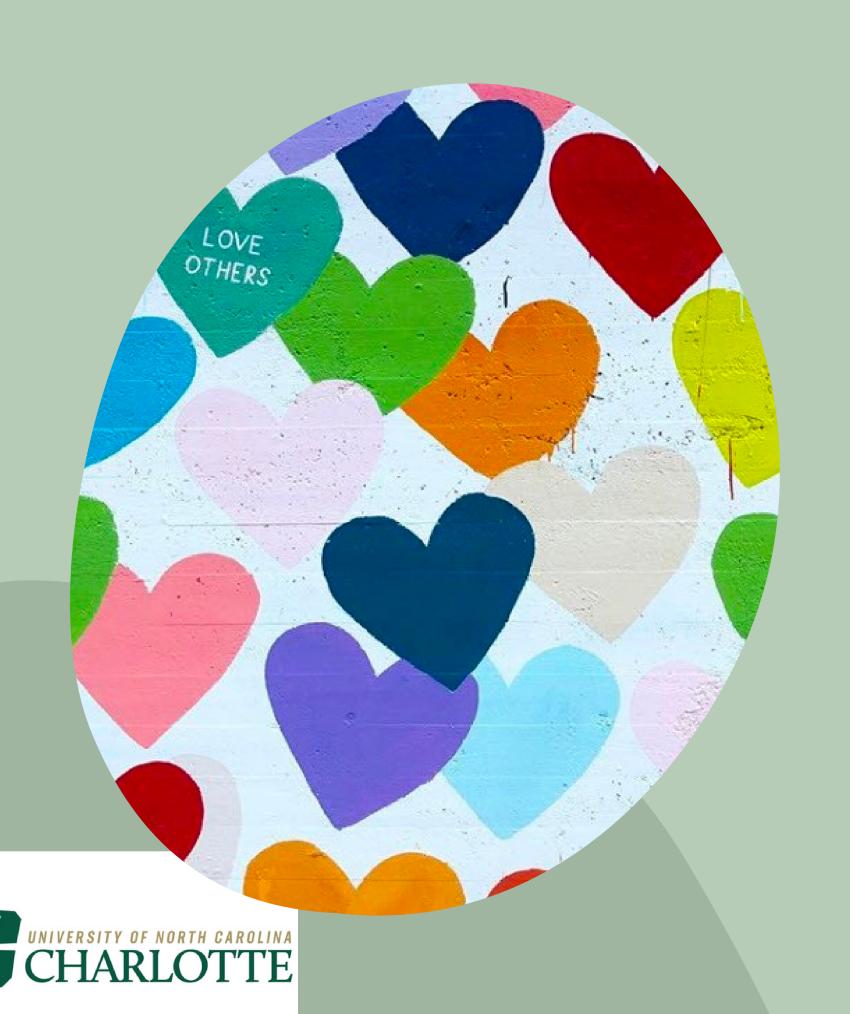


Agenda

Topics Covered

- 1. Background/Rationale
- 2. The Paper Chase Method
- 3. Our Implementation (what and how)
- 4. Activity
- 5. Impact
- 6. Q&A





Who we are

Alicia Dahl Jessamyn Bowling

Public Health Sciences at UNC Charlotte

Background

One barrier for students and faculty is time and mentorship required in preparing manuscripts (Nosek and Bar-Anan, 2012)

Partly due to competing priorities

Especially affects BIPOC faculty and faculty who are women

Student involvement in academic research has multiple benefits

Tangible skills (e.g. understanding primary literature, scientific writing), mentorship, and clarification of a career path, intrapersonal benefits like self-confidence (Lopatto, 2007)

Writing skills for students are not often focused on developing peer-reviewed journal manuscripts (Clughen and Connell, 2012)

Can help them engage with peer-reviewed literature



Collaborative VVriting

- A high-impact practice (Kuh 2008)
- Can promote deeper learning (Quitadamo and Kurtz, 2007)
- Reduce concerns for less experienced writers (e.g. perfectionism; Cameron et al., 2009)
- May have issues like "passengers" who don't contribute (Scotland, 2016)





What is the "Paper Chase"

An opportunity for science communication

A research question and data are available

A collaboration possibility

Select collaborators to build a story

Direct method of writing

From outline through task development, objectives are clear

Creative outlet

For writers, editors, thinkers, and doers, this exercise allows for the generation of content

Refined process

Editing takes place simultaneously with content generation, taking away barriers of perfection

A place of growth

From continuous feedback and editing, all coauthors can watch in real time the change process

An efficient method

Teams produce a publishable draft in 3 working days





But how does it work?

- Teams of 4-6 people
- Research topic & data already determined
- Each person is assigned a writing block and set of tasks to complete; once a block is over, the roles and responsibilities rotate until the paper is completed, editing along the way.

Block 1	Block 2	Block 3	Block 4	
Results/Disc	Discussion	Intro/Methods	Discussion	
Results	Results	Results	Methods/Abstract	
Discussion	Intro	Discussion	Methods/Abstract	
Results	Results	Results	Discussion	
Abstract	Intro	Discussion	Results	
Methods	Discussion	Intro	Results	
Intro	Methods/Abs	Results	Discussion	

Roles & Responsibilities

	Shanika	Farida	Sophie	Annalise	Alicia	Priyanka		
9:00-9:30 AM	Welcome & Agenda Setting							
9:30-10:30 AM	Results Goal: summarize findings from survey analysis	Methods Goal: detail data analysis methods; review research process details	Introduction Goal: write section on SDoH and pregnancy	Discussion Goal: write section on strengths and limitation	Introduction Goal: write section on public health outcomes related to Black pregnancies	Methods Goal: detail recruitment & data collection processes		
10:30-10:40 AM	Break (10 minutes)							
10:40-11:45 AM	Results Goal: summarize findings from analysis	Results Goal: summarize findings from analysis	Introduction Goal: write section on coping strategies for mental health	Discussion Goal: write section on recontextualizing reader	Introduction Goal: write section on COVID related to Black pregnancies	Methods Goal: paragraph form - detail the survey tools with # of items, measures used, sample items		
11:45-12:00 PM	Group Check-In & Goal Setting for next session							
12:00-12:45 PM	Networking & Lunch							
12:45-1:50 PM	Methods Goal: detail data analysis methods	Results Goal: summarize findings from analysis	Methods Goal: paragraph form - detail the survey tools with # of items, measures used, sample items	Introduction Goal: write section on COVID-19 and prenatal care (racism, access, etc.) continuing covid problems	Journal Goal: draft cover letter	Results Goal: describe sample demographics		

The use of technology



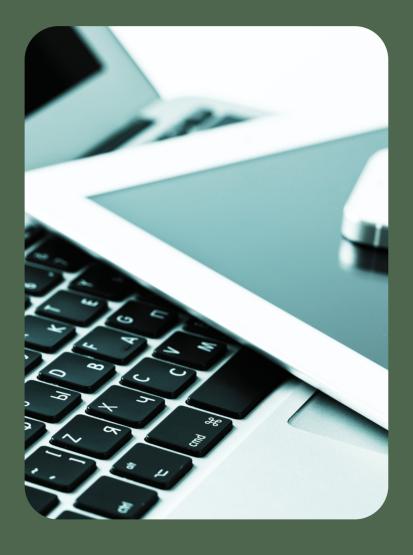






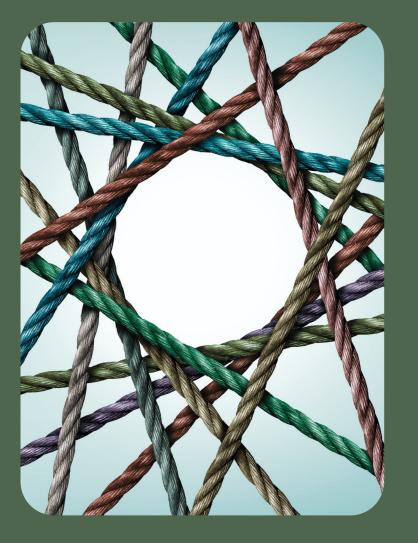


What we've done





Online (n=34) for when necessary, but in person (n=25) has more synergy



Unfamiliar vs. familiar teams

Unfamiliar: more networking, interdisciplinarity, more inclusive of marginalized students

Familiar: more deep thinking, more evolution of ideas



Course project vs. event

For classes with a writing development component





Participating in the Paper Chase...



Increased participants' sense of being cooperative in their writing (t=3.13, p=0.004) and made problem-solving easier (t=2.81, p=0.009)

"This was a great experience working with people and allowed me to see a brighter side to working with a group. I was able to bounce ideas off different individuals and learn from my group mates."



Undergraduate student, in person group

"It gave me insight about the manuscript writing and submission process. It also showed me a different form of academic writing."

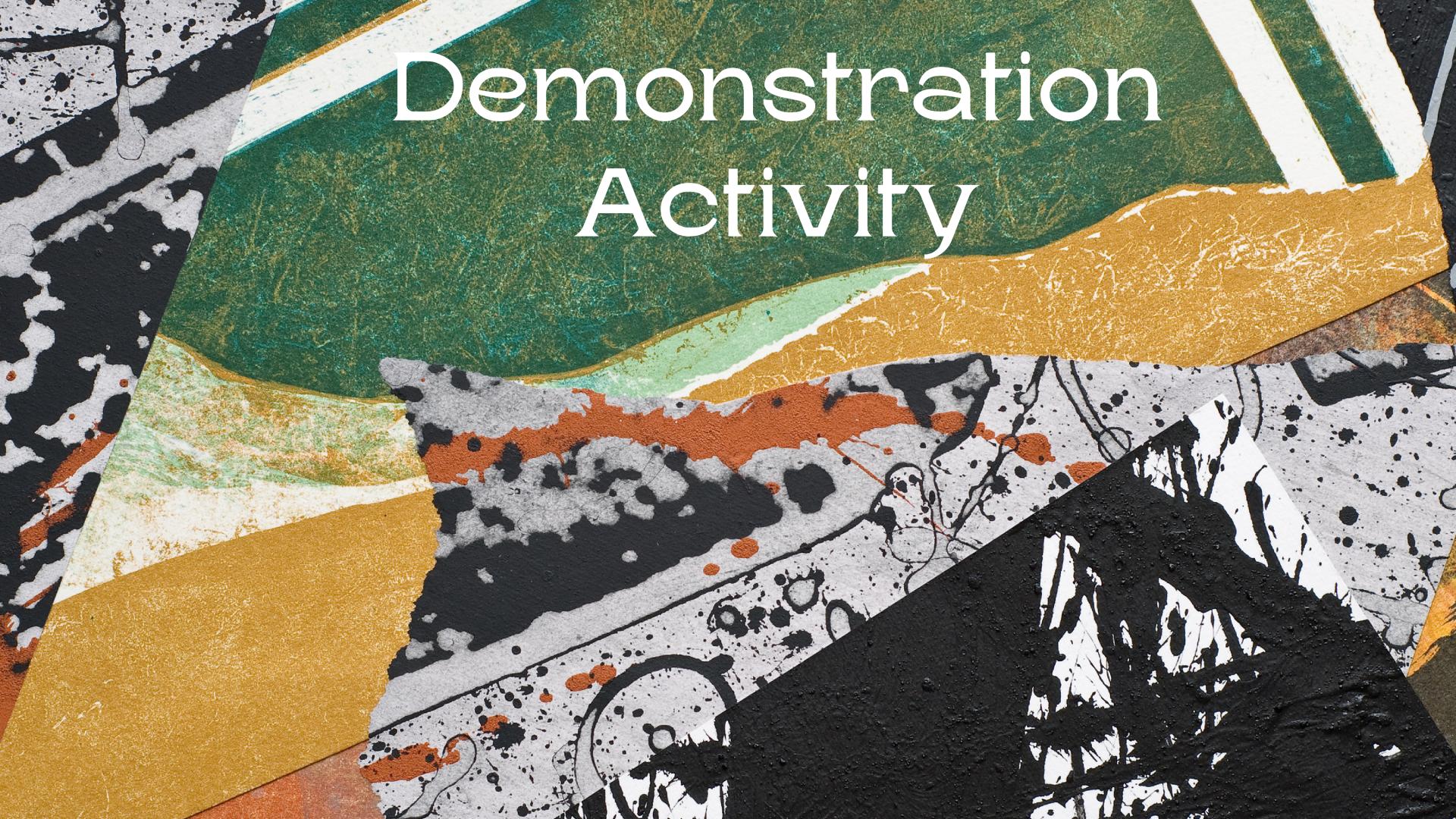
Undergraduate student, virtual group



"It helped me gain confidence in my writing and editing skills and made me work more efficiently." Graduate student, virtual group

Recipe for Success

- All data work is done ahead of time
- All coauthors are present; truly collaborative
- Structured writing blocks that rotate
- Remove distraction
- Write first, edit later
- Approach this with a growth mindset



Create a collage

In teams of 3 - 1 task per person

We will be developing a masterpiece in largely, unfamiliar groups, similar to our Paper Chase program. We've assigned each person a role for three rounds of the exercise.

Task I: Trace template onto papers

these will become the pieces of your collage

Task 2: Sketch out & cut the outline for the large collage

develop a design for the masterpiece

Task 3: Create multiple small tape rolls

to tie the story together



ROUND I: Goal - Generate content



Create a collage

In teams of 3 - I task per person

We will be developing a masterpiece in largely, unfamiliar groups, similar to our Paper Chase program. We've assigned each person a role for three rounds of the exercise.

Task I: Cut shapes traced during Round I

similar to how we use existing literature to build our paper narratives

Task 2: Attach tape to clippings as they become available similar to how we link paper sections together

Task 3: Place the pieces onto the large format outline

consult with team members as needed



ROUND 2: Goal - Fill in the gaps!



Create a collage

In teams of 3

We will be developing a masterpiece in largely, unfamiliar groups, similar to our Paper Chase program. We've assigned each person a role for three rounds of the exercise.

Collaboratively, use the remaining time to work together and finalize the collage on the large format outline using any supplies available.



ROUND 3: Goal - Collaborative edit



Shaning

Lastly, choose how you want to cut the collage apart to let members take pieces home

At what point in the activity did you consider:

- 1. Previous attitudes with teams or creating
- 2. Learning about the project
- 3. Creating a rough outline
- 4. Generating content
- 5. Editing for content, flow, singular vision/voice
- 6. Collective editing
- CHARLOTTE 7. Informing future writing and teamwork



What might be the impact of this approach to groupwork?

How might you integrate this model into your own work?



Questions?

Check out our publication in Active Learning in Higher Education:

"If we can do it, anyone can!": Evaluating a virtual "Paper

Chase" collaborative writing model for rapid research

dissemination."





Thank you!

Alicia Dahl - ADAHL3@uncc.edu Jessamyn Bowling - JBOVVLIN9@uncc.edu



References

- Lopatto D (2007) Undergraduate research experiences support science career decisions and active learning. CBE Life Sciences Education 6(4): 297–306.
- Clughen L and Connell M (2012) Writing and resistance: Reflections on the practice of embedding writing in the curriculum. Arts and Humanities in Higher Education 11(4): 333–45.
- Nosek BA and Bar-Anan Y (2012) Scientific communication is changing and scientists should lead the way. Psychological Inquiry 23(3): 308–14.
- Kuh GD (2008) High-Impact Educational Practices: A Brief Overview. Association of American Colleges and Universities. Available at: https://www.aacu.org/node/4084.
- Quitadamo IJ and Kurtz MJ (2007) Learning to improve: Using writing to increase critical thinking performance in general education biology. CBE Life Sciences Education 6(2): 140–54.
- Cameron J, Nairn K and Higgins J (2009) Demystifying academic writing: Reflections on emotions, know-how and academic identity. Journal of Geography in Higher Education 33(2): 269–84.
- Scotland J (2016) How the experience of assessed collaborative writing impacts on undergraduate students' perceptions of assessed group work. Assessment & Evaluation in Higher Education 41(1): 15–34.